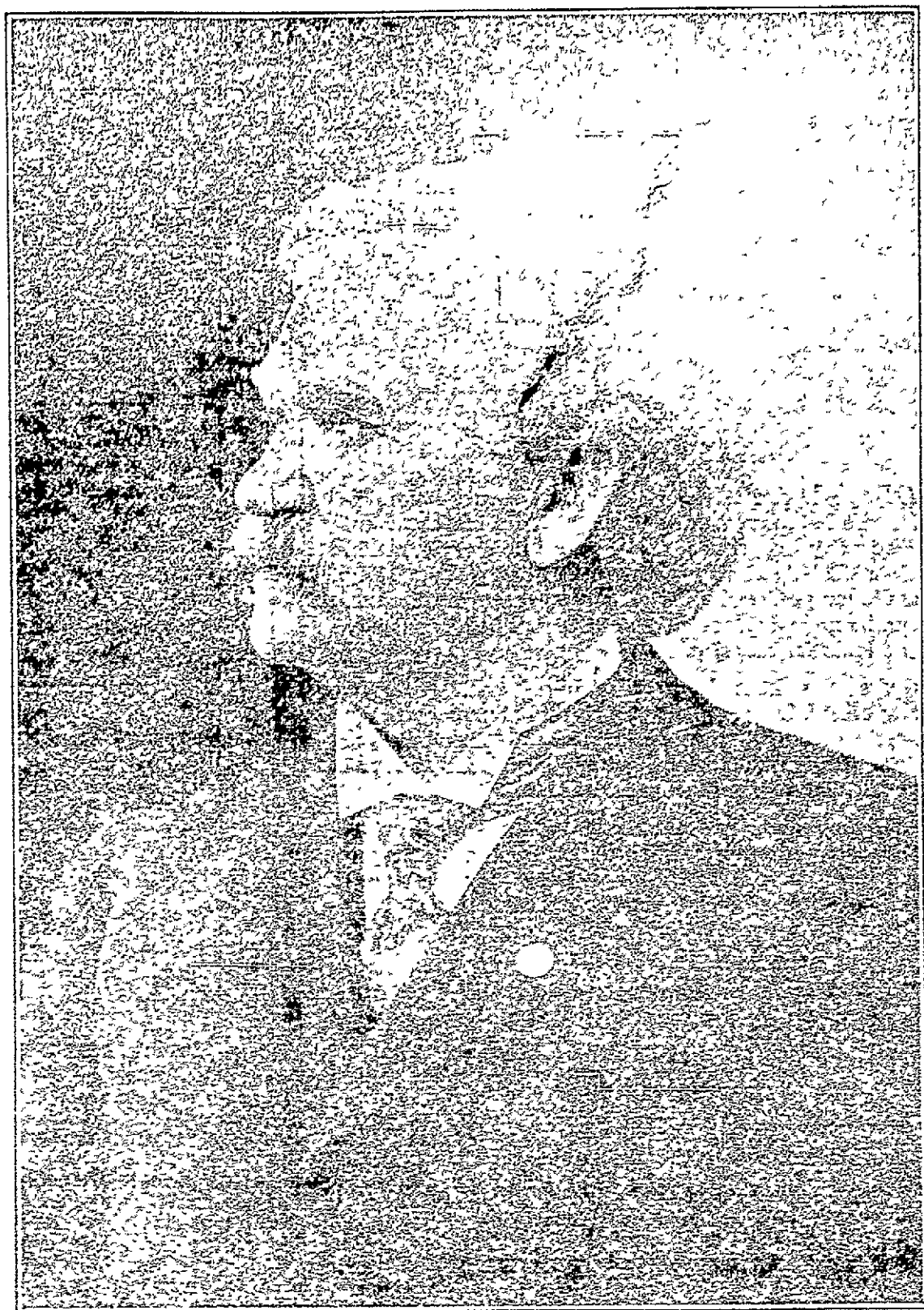


# Gettysburg Compiler.

98<sup>TH</sup> YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1916

NO. 29



William Thomas Ziegler.

## CAPT. WILLIAM T. ZIEGLER

A PROGRESSIVE AND USEFUL  
CITIZEN OF TOWN.

Veteran, Business Man, Member of  
the Legislature, Banker and  
Grand Army Man.

William Thomas Ziegler, a prominent business man of this place, a representative in the Legislature from this county at one time, a well known Grand Army man, a banker, interested in many activities of the town, passed away on Monday at his home on Springs avenue at the age of 75 years, 3 months and 3 days. His health had been impaired for a year or two. He would rally and be able to get about town and relatives would occur. The shock of the tragic death of his son, John S. Ziegler, last August, was a blow from which he never recovered.

Mr. Ziegler was born in Gettysburg October 3, 1840, a son of Samuel and Susan Radford Ziegler. His father was a native of Gettysburg and his mother of Maryland. His grandfather, Emanuel Ziegler, was a Revolutionary War soldier from this community. His father was a hatter by trade and the family moved to Philadelphia when Mr. Ziegler was four years old. He learned the hatter's trade and worked at it over five years, getting his education in night schools in the city. Taking up coaching, he returned to Gettysburg before the war and later the family returned to this place.

At the outbreak of the Civil War Mr. Ziegler enlisted in Co. F, 87th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served with distinction during the war. He participated with his command in the following battles: Newton, Va., Winchester, Va., Stevens Station, Va., Locust Grove, Mine Run, Wilderness, Spotsylvania, North Ann, Cold Harbor, and Vicksburg. He was taken prisoner at the battle of Vicksburg, Mississippi, and was held in the Confederate prison at Andersonville, Georgia, for ten months, being one of the last of the Union soldiers to be released. As the result of his confinement at Andersonville, he lost the use of his right leg.

Returning to Gettysburg after the war he took up coaching and then the manufacturing of coaches. In 1870 the firm of H. W. Ziegler and Son was formed and for many years they enjoyed an extensive patronage. Survivors of the war visited Gettysburg by the tens of thousands and this firm had the bulk of the business, caring for the most prominent visitors, and forming a national reputation for its battlefield guide service. Mr. Ziegler severed his connection with the firm in 1892. In 1894 after the Eagle Hotel fire, Mr. Ziegler purchased the site and rebuilt the hotel and conducted the house for several years. He built the shirt factory on North Washington street and conducted it for a time; he was one of the charter members in the organization of The

Citizens' Bank, later converted into the Citizens' Trust Company, and was vice president of this institution. He was one of the founders of the Gettysburg Mutual Fire Insurance Company. He was in later life engaged in the real estate business. He was interested in many local enterprises and his business judgment was highly esteemed by all his associates.

Mr. Ziegler has been prominently identified with the Masonic Order. He was a charter member of both the Gettysburg Commandery No. 79 and Good Samaritan Chapter No. 360 and was Past High Priest of the latter body. He was a Past Master and one of the oldest members of Good Samaritan Lodge No. 330, and for the last 34 years has been its treasurer, holding that office at the time of his death. He was a charter member of Corporal Skelly Post No. 9, G. A. R., having held the office of Post Commander for a number of years. He was elected two years ago and recently commenced his third consecutive term in that position. He took great interest in the G. A. R. work and was active in Grand Army circles throughout the State. For several years he held the office of president of the Southern Association of Pennsylvania, G. A. R. He belonged to Gettysburg Lodge, I. O. O. F. for many years and was a charter member of Lodge No. 1045, B. P. O. E.

Mr. Ziegler as a business man was progressive and he never gave himself half-hearted to any undertaking, always active and willing to help along the things he became interested in. He was an ardent Democrat and in addition to his service of two terms in the Legislature, held various borough offices.

In 1867 Mr. Ziegler married Rebecca Harmon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Harmon, of Straban township, who survives him together with two sons and two daughters, W. E. Ziegler, Charles T. Ziegler, Mrs. J. D. Lippert, Mrs. Marie Ziegler, all of Gettysburg. He has two brothers, George W. Ziegler, of Gettysburg, and one sister, Mrs. Catherine Ziegler, of Washington, D. C. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence of Dr. T. J. Ziegler, 1014 North Washington street, and was officiated by Rev. A. C. Wagner. Burial was in the Union Cemetery. The following veterans accompanied the funeral: Daniel Reagle, William S. Reagle, Shadrach, Capt. Carter, and Hon. Theodore McMillen, a. H. W. Lightner.

Miss Bessie Edna Swift, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Swift, died at her home on Oxford avenue on Monday aged 28 years, 7 months and 22 days from pneumonia. She graduated from Gettysburg High School in 1904 and from Schuylers' Business School of Norristown, and held a position in Philadelphia until taken sick. The funeral was held on Wednesday, services by Rev. J. B. Baker. She leaves besides her parents two sisters, Amy and Edith, at home.

Mrs. George Beck died suddenly at her home on East Middle street on Tuesday from heart disease aged 72 years. She was working about the

house and was suddenly taken ill with heart trouble and her husband hurried for a physician and Mrs. Beck died before he returned. She had had several heart attacks during the past year. The family moved to Gettysburg from Biglerville about four years ago. She leaves besides her husband, one daughter Mrs. Ernest Kraker, at home. Two sisters survive, Mrs. Annie Wisotzky of York, and Mrs. Kate Porter of York.

Mrs. Abraham Keckler died at her home in Butler Two, at the age of 78 years. The funeral was held on Friday by Rev. J. B. Baker with interment in Evergreen Cemetery. She leaves the following children: Samuel Keckler of near Gettysburg, Clarence Keckler of Greensmount, Mrs. K. K. Witherow of Bendersville, Mrs. J. S. Yohe of Gettysburg, Mrs. Miriam Keckler of Gettysburg, Gus Keckler of Council, Idaho, and Emory Keckler of Chicago. Her husband died several years ago.

Mrs. Sarah Ann Myers, wife of Martin S. Myers, died at her home in Fairfield on Monday in her 68th year. She was a daughter of the late Alexander McClellan of Fairfield. The funeral was held on Wednesday by Rev. W. K. Fleck with interment in Union Cemetery, Fairfield. She leaves her husband and two daughters, Mrs. John D. Moore, Biglerville, and Mrs. John W. Kittinger of Fairfield; two sisters, Mrs. Daniel Stoner and Mrs. Calvin Sanders of Fairfield.

Andrew Myers, one of the oldest residents of East Berlin, died last week in his 90th year. He fell on an icy porch at his home several weeks ago and dislocated his hip and this helped to bring about his death. He was a veteran of the Civil War and a retired farmer, having moved 12 years ago from one of his farms in Reading township to East Berlin. His wife died three months ago. The funeral was held Friday of last week with interment in Union Cemetery, East Berlin. He leaves the following children: Lewis and Miss Emma of East Berlin, Mrs. Wm. Neil and Mrs. Wm. Shall of near New Chester, Charles Myers of Reading township, Mrs. Chas. Myers of York, Mrs. W. C. Quiggle or near Do, the brother, Harriet Myers, of York, also survives.

Joseph H. Creager died at his home in Fairfield on Wednesday from cancer in his 75th year. He was a veteran of the Civil War, serving in the 6th Regt., Maryland Vols. The funeral will be held Saturday by Rev. W. K. Fleck, with interment in Fairfield Cemetery. He leaves his wife, who before marriage, was Miss Susan Musselman, and the following children, Mrs. Charles Mackley of Union Bridge, Md., Mrs. Eva C. Lumsden of Baltimore, Mrs. Bertha Brown of Fairfield, Joseph Russell Creager of Wyoming, Mrs. Laura Reynolds of Baltimore, Luther Creager of Orrtanna, and Miss Anna Creager of Baltimore.

Mrs. Lou Straley, widow of the late Aaron Straley, died on Monday at her home in Germany township, aged about 58 years. She was born near Two Taverns, a daughter of Mr.

and Mrs. Charles Overdeer. The funeral was held on Thursday with interment at the White Church. She leaves four sons and one daughter, Charles of Germany township, Arthur, Wilmer, Ivan and Miss Carrie at home.

Mrs. Genevieve Ditzler, wife of Raymond G. Ditzler, died in Hanover on Sunday aged 23 years, 7 days from acute indigestion. The funeral was on Wednesday, services by Rev. Joseph Murphy, interment in Conewago Chapel Cemetery. She leaves besides her husband and two children, her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Krichen of Brunsdown, this county, five brothers and two sisters, all of Brunsdown.

Thomas Eyer, son of Rev. and Mrs. D. P. Eyer of Fountain Dale, died Tuesday from heart failure and dropsy aged about 22 years. Besides his parents he is survived by three brothers and two sisters. The funeral was held Thursday, services at the Methodist Church, Fountain Dale, by Rev. Kraft of Carrollton, Md.

Mrs. Susanna Noel Dermody, widow of the late John Dermody, formerly of near Bonneville, died at her home in Philadelphia Friday, March 3, aged 77 years. Death was caused by pneumonia. Her husband died 21 years ago. She is survived by four sons and two daughters, Miss Rosey Stanislaus, Mrs. Mary Cassatt, Hugh, Austin, and Henry, all of Philadelphia, also Mrs. Harriet McCleary, a sister, and Mrs. George F. Stock, a half sister, both of Gettysburg. The family moved from this section 23 years ago. The Minth. K. E. section twenty-three years ago. The body was taken to Bonneville where services were held in St. Joseph's Catholic Church by Rev. Fr. Shanahan on Tuesday with interment in St. Joseph's Catholic Cemetery.

Miss Alice Duphorne Adlesberger, died Feb. 29, 1916, at her home in Eyer's Valley near Emmitsburg, in her 33rd year. The funeral was held on Thursday of last week by Rev. Chas. Reinwald, D.D., with interment in Emmitsburg Lutheran Cemetery. She is survived by her mother, four sisters at home and a brother, Hugh Adlesberger, of near Orrtanna, this county.

Richard W. Woods, a prominent lawyer of Carlisle, died suddenly from heart trouble on Sunday. He had been prominent in patriotic orders, P. O. S. of A. and O. of L. A., and was known to many of our citizens in this connection. Some years ago he was engaged in securing rights of way for a proposed trolley extension from Mt. Holly and met many of our people, winning their respect. He was 54 years of age and is survived by his wife and daughter.

March Argument Court.

At the March argument court on Monday before President Judge D. P. McPherson and Associate Judges W. Howard Dicks and E. P. Miller, the following business was transacted:

Charles Stahl Butt, son of J. L. Butt, Esq., was on motion of J. L. Williams, Esq., admitted to practice in the Adams County Courts. Mr. Butt was admitted to the Supreme Court last week. He will form a partnership with his father.

The accounts as advertised were confirmed, except that of Samuel M. Bushman, executor of Lydia Little, which was continued.

John Reed Scott, Esq., was appointed auditor to make distribution to creditors and heirs in the estate of Andrew Trimmer, deceased.

Charles E. Stahl, Esq., was appointed auditor to make distribution of the estate of Susan Hartman, deceased.

George T. Fitzgerald was discharged as administrator of Hannah E. Fitzgerald, late of Straban township.

C. Ralph Hart and Ida M. Hart were discharged as executors of Henry Hart, late of Menallen township.

An order was made authorizing the sale of real estate of Peter Miller, late of Oxford township.

The report of Wm. Hark, Esq., auditor in the estate of Lucy A. Schlosser was confirmed.

The case of Com. vs. David Cullison, charged with desertion and non-support by his wife Sarah A. Cullison, was heard by the Court. They had lived together for 30 years and separated last year. There were allegations by wife of staying out at night and no support and defendant alleged he had thrown her out and she had been living with another man. He said they had discussed going together again and Judge McPherson urged that he go back to his wife and behave himself. After the Court had talked to the two they decided to live together again.

Mary Lott of this place having been reported by her grandmother as unmanageable, the matter was heard by the Court and an order was made that Mary Lott be sent to the Glen Mills School for Girls where they are taught to work.

Several matters on the argument list were continued.

The matter of applications for licenses at two hotels in York Springs, Washington Hotel and Hartzell Cafe in Gettysburg, and remonstrances thereto, in which decision had been reserved until March 6th was taken up so that the question could be ar-

gued whether a license could be granted for the purpose of transfer, and this question was argued at length by all counsel who had taken part in the hearing of applications and remonstrances.

The County Auditors filed their accounts auditing the account of the County Treasurer, County Commissioners, Directors of the Poor, Steward of the Almshouse and Out Door Relief. The three auditors had signed all but one of them and the report as to the County Account was not signed by R. D. Myers. The Court upon presentation of reports ordered them filed. Later in the day Mr. Myers asked the Court to be allowed to file a report in which it was stated that he was satisfied with the audit as filed except as to the items applicable to sheriff's office and he thought all books of that office should be gone over and audited. The Court refused to allow this report to be filed until authority was shown for the same.

The Auditor's report of the county surcharge the treasurer and county commissioners with \$400 of a fee of \$800 paid John D. Keith, Esq. The services of Mr. Keith grew out of complications resulting from the Straban township State aid road. When this road was completed the township owed the State over \$8000. Payments were made until last year the amount had been reduced to a little over \$3000. Meanwhile the State had held back as against this claim what the State owed the County for the primaries of 1913—\$2032.62 and also for the primaries of 1914—\$2189.31. To test the right of the State to hold this money mandamus proceedings were instituted and Mr. Keith was associated with counsel for the commissioners and a test was made of the amount due by the State for the primaries of 1913 of \$2032.62 and that being won had the effect to let go the amount held back for primaries of 1914, and auditors allowed one-half of the fee paid by the County.

Divorces were granted to Maude E. Deardorff vs. Charles E. Deardorff, To Charles Albert Essick vs. Myrtle Essick, To Sadie A. Fair vs. Reynolds Fair.

Subpoenas in divorce were awarded in cases of Riggeal vs. Riggeal, and Shadney vs. Shadney.

The attorneys recommended to the Court to have monthly return days for all writs and process, instead of the present arrangement of return day at the regular terms. It will not add to the sessions of the court but give advantages in the bringing of actions and eliminate delays.

Equity Hearing.

Judge Sylvester Sadler of Carlisle presided in our courts on Thursday when a bill in equity was presented to him in case of Helena K. Hafer vs. W. Lavere Hafer, and others, in which allegations were made of separation without providing suitable maintenance and a decree was asked that provision be made for the plaintiff out of such estate the defendant possessed at present and in expectancy. A preliminary injunction was awarded to restrain any disposing of the estate until final hearing of the bill. John Reed Scott, Esq., appeared as attorney for plaintiff and J. Donald Swope, Esq., as attorney for defendant. Final hearing Mar. 17.

Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas, The Great Ruler of the universe has in His infinite wisdom removed from our Board Newton A. Tawney, our esteemed President and fellow director of the Liberty and Independent Mutual Fire Insurance Association:

Whereas, The long and intimate relations held with him in the faithful discharge of his duties as President and Director of this company make it eminently fitting that we record our appreciation of him: therefore be it

Resolved, That the wisdom and ability which he has exercised in the management of our company by his services be held in grateful remembrance:

Resolved, That the removal of such a life from our midst leaves a vacancy that will be deeply realized by all the members of the company and will prove a serious loss to the Board of Directors and community:

Resolved, That with deep sympathy with the bereaved family of this deceased we express our hope that even so great a loss may be over-looked for good by Him who doeth all things aright.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be read among the minutes of the company, a copy be printed in the local papers, and a copy be forwarded to the bereaved family by the Board of Directors of the Liberty Insurance Company.

T. C. SMITH  
D. J. DELAT  
H. E. RIDDLEMOSE  
JOHN W. FOLLINGER  
A. S. WHISLER  
N. C. DEATRICK  
JOHN M. HARE  
L. A. GILDEN  
CHESTER O. CHRONISTER  
JOHN BUTT

Advertisement

D. A. R. Elect Delegate.

At the March meeting of the Gettysburg Chapter, D. A. R., Mrs. W. H. O'Neal, Regent, was elected delegate and Mrs. Henry Anstadt of Washington, alternate to the National Congress of the Society to be held in Washington in April.

In the future no cards announcing the day of the meeting will be mailed to members. Regular meetings are held on the first Saturday afternoon of the month.

## PERSONAL POINTS OF VIEW

COMINGS AND GOINGS INTO AND  
OUT OF THE TOWN.

Social and Other Individual Happenings and Other Local Items of Interest.

—The room set apart in the Federal Building by the U. S. Commission for the display of the Relief Maps of the Battlefield is open to the public from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. except Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Weaver, who have been visiting in New York, Philadelphia and Ashland for two weeks, have returned to their home on Baltimore street accompanied by Jimmie Balmer of Philadelphia who will make them a visit.

—Miss Lily Dougherty was in Pittsburgh for several days this week where she was the delegate from Adams county to the convention of State and County Sunday School Officers.

—Miss Grace Smiley of Mr. Wolf York county, spent this week at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smiley, East Middle street.

—Mr. and Mrs. McCall and two children of Littlestown were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Emory Forrest York street, over Sunday.

—Samuel K. White of Philadelphia is visiting at his home in Freedom township.

—Miss Cora Ruff has returned to her home on Centre Square after spending some time with friends in Hummelstown.

—Mrs. Ralph Wierman, Baltimore street is visiting relatives in Harrisburg.

—Rev. F. E. Taylor has returned from Ridgefield Park, N. J., where he occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church last Sunday.

—Miss Bertha Metzger of Harrisburg spent this week as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Brehm, Broadway.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Sheads and daughter of Punxsunawney are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John L. Sheads, East Middle street.

—Miss Elizabeth Rummel and Miss Mary Benner attended a teachers' meeting in Harrisburg on last Saturday.

—John Witherow and John Keckler of near town have gone to Franklin Grove, Ill., where they intend to reside.

—Miss Adeline Hollinger has returned to her home on East Middle street after visiting relatives in Harrisburg.

—Rev. and Mrs. H. H. Sharp and son Martin of Mechanicsburg, are visiting at the home of Hon. Wm. A. Martin, Lincoln avenue.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Gardner have returned to their home in York Springs after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. W. Gardner North Stratton street.

—Mrs. Geo. Diller, Hanover street, has returned from a visit with friends at Mt. Holly Springs.

—Mrs. Sallie Cox and Miss Elizabeth Cox have moved from their former residence on Baltimore street to No. 67 Lincoln avenue. Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Funkhouser will occupy the property vacated by Mrs. Cox.

—Dr. and Mrs. J. R. Dickson, West Middle street, were visitors in Philadelphia this week.

—Josephine, the two year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Corbitt, Jr., Baltimore street, is ill with scarlet fever.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. Rummel entertained the members of the choir of the Methodist Church, at their home on East Middle street on Thursday evening.

—J. Claire Sowers of McKnightstown, has accepted a position as a clerk at the Citizens' Trust Company.

—Rev. J. B. Baker was one of the speakers at the 25th anniversary celebration at St. Peter's Lutheran Church, York, last Thursday evening. Rev. Baker was pastor of this church from 1903 to 1906.

—Arthur Hutchison entertained the members of the Marsh Creek Hunting Club at his home on West High street on Friday evening.

Auto Fire Engine Purchased.

At a special meeting of Town Council on Tuesday evening, four of the auto fire engine committee, A. B. McKee, C. H. Wilson, J. A. Lente and Geo. F. Eberhart recommended purchase of a Boyd engine at \$7500 and James W. McDonnell and Harry McKee, chairman of committee recommended the American La France engine at \$7500. The engine of the Boyd Co. costs for \$8500 but the company offered to take the hook and ladder apparatus and give credit for \$1500 for same and then presented the same proposition to Fire Co. The Town Council by vote of 5 to 2 agreed to buy the Boyd engine. Councilmen Dougherty, Funkhouser, Gilbert, Tawney and Frostie voted for the Boyd and McDonnell and Swift against it. Winter and Geiselman not voting. Contract has been closed with the Boyd Company for the auto engine, to be delivered not later than July 1.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front. Sold everywhere, 25c.



## SPRING SALE LIST—1916

**Saturday, March 4th.**  
L. E. Hershey—Cumberland—Caldwell.  
W. F. Watson—Hamiltonban—Thompson.  
S. Davis—Huntington—Thompson.  
A. P. Lipsey—Union—Bashoar.  
C. Asper—Menallen—Slaybaugh.  
J. F. Miller—Donneville—Trostle.  
**Monday, March 6th.**  
G. W. Fickes—Huntington—Lerew.  
F. Lott—Highland—Thompson.  
E. C. Keefer—Huntington—Slaybaugh.  
H. Hartman—Butler—Martz.  
**Tuesday, March 7th.**  
Calvin Good—Union.  
N. E. Orndorff—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.  
B. A. Chronister—Hamilton.  
G. Harbaugh—Franklin—McDermitt.  
G. & H. Slaybaugh—Butler—Slaybaugh.  
**Wednesday, March 8th.**  
C. E. Raffensperger—Butler—Taylor.  
W. H. Johnston—Hamiltonban—Caldwell.  
Paul Wolf—Hamilton.  
**Thursday, March 9th.**  
H. A. Donaldson—Hamiltonban—Caldwell.  
G. D. Kindig—Union—Thompson.  
J. E. Miller—Hamilton.  
C. Smith—Butler—Slaybaugh.  
C. P. Smith—New Oxford.  
**Friday, March 10th.**  
Peter Lerew—Huntington—Lerew.  
Rev. S. L. Rice—Franklin—Caldwell.  
G. W. Rinehart—Hamilton.  
F. S. Weaver—Straban—Thompson.  
D. F. Plank—Mt. Joy—Collins.  
F. Kime—Butler—Taylor.  
Frank Funt—Tyrone—Slaybaugh.  
**Saturday, March 11th.**  
H. W. Weaver—Highland—Caldwell.  
W. Weikert—Mt. Pleasant—Bashoar.  
J. M. Feeser—Germany.  
J. L. Bosserman—Reading.  
C. Smith—Menallen—Slaybaugh.  
S. McGlaughlin—Franklin—Taylor.  
C. E. Knaub—Huntington—Lerew.  
**Monday, March 13th.**  
O. Gardner—Tyrone—Slaybaugh.  
E. J. Ditzler—Straban—Thompson.  
Robert Krug—New Oxford.  
**Tuesday, March 14th.**  
D. L. Bucher—Cumberland.  
L. J. Reaver—Mt. Joy—Thompson.  
I. L. Sadler—Huntington—Slaybaugh.  
John Fidler—Butler—Taylor.  
**Wednesday, March 15th.**  
H. S. Mott—Straban—Trostle.  
P. S. Somers—Franklin—Martz.  
A. H. Walker—Mt. Joy—Lightner.  
Amos Bushey—Latimore.  
C. R. Snyder—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.  
J. A. Gulden—Menallen—Taylor.  
Valentine Wilds—Union.  
**Thursday, March 16th.**  
G. W. Bender—Straban—Thompson.  
O. Pitt—Union—Bashoar.  
O. P. House—Menallen—Slaybaugh.  
Mrs. Lovina Border—Reading.  
**Friday, March 17th.**  
T. N. Cashman—Huntington.  
J. Bishop—Menallen—Slaybaugh.  
**Saturday, March 18th.**  
G. R. Thompson—Straban—Walker & Tate.  
J. H. Borrer—Tyrone—Slaybaugh & Kimmel.  
Guy E. Bream—Tyrone.  
Lacy & Geyer—Franklin—Martz.  
O. D. Gruver—Reading.  
J. G. Taylor—Butler—Taylor.  
**Monday, March 20th.**  
M. Reinecker—Straban—Thompson.  
H. D. Little—Cumberland—Thompson.  
Mrs. A. Fritz—Franklin—Martz.  
J. A. Anthony—Germany.  
**Tuesday, March 21st.**  
G. W. Johnson—Butler—Slaybaugh.  
H. D. Little—Cumberland—Thompson.  
Mrs. A. Fritz—Franklin—Martz.  
J. A. Anthony—Germany.  
**Wednesday, March 22nd.**  
E. P. Hartlaub—Straban—Thompson.  
H. Starnner—Menallen—Slaybaugh.  
C. Jacobs—Latimore—Lerew.  
**Thursday, March 23rd.**  
E. Lobach—Tyrone—Slaybaugh.  
**Friday, March 24th.**  
J. F. Spangler—New Oxford—Roth.  
A. J. Guise—Butler—Slaybaugh.  
J. T. Appier—Mt. Joy—Thompson.  
**Saturday, March 25th.**  
J. H. Reaver—Cumberland—Thompson.  
M. Wagner—Butler—Slaybaugh.  
Mrs. E. Yeatts—Straban—Tate.  
**Monday, March 27th.**  
E. S. Shriver—Mt. Joy—Thompson.  
**Wednesday, March 29th.**  
E. V. Kuhn—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.  
R. Sadler—York Springs—Lerew.  
**Thursday, March 30th.**  
L. A. & E. M. Yeagy, Admsrs.—Straban—Thompson.

## PUBLIC SALE.

Wednesday, March 8, 1916.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at the Raffensperger farm, Butler township, Adams Co., Pa., on the State Highway, midway between Arendtsville and Biglerville, the following: **9 Horses, Mules and Colts.** No. 1, black mare 10 years old, with foal by J. B. Twining's registered Belgian stallion, Caesar de Caster. This mare will weigh 1300 lbs., will work anywhere, and in type, appearance and usefulness, is hard to beat. Nos. 2 and 3, pair dark bay mules, 7 and 8 years old, 16 1-2 hands high, will weigh 2200 lbs., will work anywhere, both single line leaders, and both work under saddle. Any person needing a sound all purpose pair of mules should see these sold. No. 4, black gelding 3 years old, 17 hands high, weighs 1100 lbs., will make an extra large one, and is broken to work anywhere except in the lead. No. 5, bay gelding 4 years old, 16 hands high, weighs 1000 lbs., broken to work anywhere except in the lead, and is just the kind for the person who keeps only one horse. No. 6, black mare 3 years old, is well broken. No. 7, black gelding 2 years old, has been handled and drives well single or double. Nos. 6 and 7 are well mated and will make a beautiful pair. No. 3, sorrel colt to months old, sired by J. B. Twining's registered Belgian stallion, Jean du Strau. No. 9, dark bay colt to months old, sired by the same stallion as No. 8. These two colts are good ones and will make the heavy kind that are always wanted. **11 Grade Guernsey Cows and Heifers.** No. 1, cow 6 years old, was fresh in January. No. 2, cow 7 years old, will be fresh in April. No. 3, Guernsey-Holstein heifer, will be fresh in April, bred to registered bull. No. 6, Guernsey-Durham heifer will be fresh in June, bred to registered bull. No. 7, solid color red Guernsey heifer, will be fresh in May, bred to registered bull. No. 8, Guernsey-Durham heifer, will be fresh in April, bred to registered bull. No. 9, Guernsey-Jersey heifer, will be fresh in May, bred to registered bull. No. 10, heifer 12 months old. No. 11, heifer 12 months old. No. 12, heifer 11 months old. No. 13, heifer 7 months old. No. 1, Red Durham Cow three years old, with calf by her side. **1 Holstein Cow** No. 4, 2 years old, was fresh in January. **2 Registered Guernsey Bulls** No. 14, Hope of Highway, No. 18431, 5 years old, will weigh 1600 lbs. This is an extra fine individual and has a great breeding. He is a grandson of Strong Anchor, and he a grandson of old Sheet Anchor, on the sire side. On the dam side he is a great grandson of Spotswood Gloriana, and she a granddaughter of Itchen Jewel, the bull that sired May Rose King. The disposition of this bull is all that can be desired, and anyone needing a bull of this breed should not let this one go to the butcher. No. 15, calf, dropped Jan. 18th, sired by Hope of Highway and out of Nannie of Highway, No. 35374. The dam of this calf is a great-granddaughter of Masher Sequel. **1 Grade Guernsey Bull** No. 16, 1 1-2 years old, sired by Hope of Highway, and out of a fine grade Guernsey cow. He is exceptionally well marked, and will make a good one. **7 Registered Poland-China Hogs.** No. 1, boar, Advertiser, No. 82205. No. 2, sow, Choice Daisy P. No. 191248, with pig to above boar. No. 3, sow, Haraf's Daisy, No. 205576, with pig to above boar. Nos. 4, 5, 6, and 7, young boar and three young sows out of Choice Daisy P. and by Advertiser. **43 Poland-China and Berkshire Hogs,** consisting of four young sows carrying their second litters; two of which will have pigs by date of sale. The balance are shoats ranging in weight from 40 to 100 lbs. **50 Pure Bred White Leghorn Hens,** Rancocas Strain. The above stock is an exceptional good lot and does not represent a culling of the undesirable; but consists of the best we have ever owned. Practically all of it was bred and raised on the farm where it will be sold without reserve, to the highest bidders. A credit of 11 months, or five per cent. discount for cash, will be allowed on all sums above \$5.00. Sale will commence promptly at 12:30 P. M., when terms will be made known by.

CHAS. E. RAFFENSPERGER.  
Taylor, Auct.  
Shelly, Clerk.

credit of 8 months will be given on notes of \$5.00 and upwards with approved security. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock.

AMBROSE SANDERS.  
Jas. Caldwell, Auct.  
Chas. McIntire, J. A. Spangler Clks.

## PUBLIC SALE.

Wednesday, March 15, 1916.

The undersigned intending to quit farming, will sell at his farm in Straban township, 1 mile from Gettysburg, on the Hunterstown road, the following personal property: **4 Head of Horses** consisting of 1 bay horse 16 years old, a good worker and driver and an exceptionally fast walker, 1 sorrel mare 11 years old, with foal to the Hartzel horse, 1 pair of black mules, both leaders **14 Head of Cattle,** Guernsey, Holstein and Durham, 2 cows will be fresh in June, 1 in July, 1 in August, 3 in October, and 4 in November. These cows are nearly all young cows, good stock and good milkers. 1 Holstein bull 2 years old and 1 Holstein bull calf 11 weeks old. **7 Head of Hogs,** 2 Chester White brood sows, will farrow in March, both bred to Poland-China boar, 3 shoats will weigh from 50 to 100 lbs. **220 White Leghorn Chickens,** good layers, will be sold by the piece; 1 pair Indian Runner ducks **Farming Implements,** consisting of a Champion wagon 3 1-2 in. tread, low down iron wheel wagon 4 in. tread, carry 2 tons, Galloway wagon box, manure spreader, fits a farm wagon, 42 in. between standards, spring wagon, buggy, surrey, Portland cutter, Deering binder, 6 ft. cut, good as new, Deering 6 ft. mower, Deering 11 ft. hay rake, 19 ft. hay carriages, Oliver corn cultivator, Hench cultivator, Hench & Dromgold York drill, roller, Spangler corn planter, Deering disc harrow with wheel, two spring tooth harrows, 99 Oliver Chilled plow, wind mill, Tornado fodder cutter, Victor chaffing mill, Eagle cider press, Sure Hatch Incubator, 200 egg capacity, good condition. International brooder, One Colony International House, Jersey Sharpless cream separator, good condition, 7 gal. churn, dairy thermometer, butter bucket, milk buckets, milk cans, 7 ft. extension table, large No. 8 range with copper water tank, Davis sewing machine, double heater coal stove, 3-4 bbl. copper kettle, iron kettle, several scaps of bees, ten plate stove, ice cream freezer, "White" washing machine, 5 gal. oil can with pump, lamps, carpet, beds, egg crates, 2 sets of harness, 3 sets cruppers, collars, bridles, halters, lines, forks, log chain, lot of wheels, corn by the bushel. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock. 10 months credit 4 per cent. off for cash.

H. S. MONTFORT.  
Trostle, Auct.  
Bream, Clerk.

## PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

On Saturday, March 4, 1916.

At 1 o'clock p. m., the undersigned executor and attorney-in-fact of the Estate of Dorothy Culp, deceased, late of Gettysburg borough, by virtue of a power of attorney granted to him on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1915, by the heirs at law of the said Dorothy Culp, deceased, will offer at public sale on the premises, No. 220 South Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa., the following described real estate:

All that half lot of ground situated on the west side of South Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa., fronting 30 feet on Washington Street and running in a westerly direction 140 ft. more or less, to a public alley in rear, improved with two-story frame dwelling house and one story back kitchen, dwelling contains four rooms on the first floor and five rooms on second floor, running water and gas, with well of good water on the premises; stable of the rear of lot 16 x 16 feet. The purchaser shall pay immediately after the sale, to the seller, a deposit of 25 per cent. in part of the purchase money, and sign an agreement for the payment of the remainder, on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1916, when possession will be given and good title made to him.

JAMES W. CULP.  
Attorney-in-fact.  
Gettysburg, Pa.  
Raymond F. Topper, Auct.

## PUBLIC SALE.

Saturday, March 4, 1916.

The undersigned desiring to reduce his stock will have public sale at his farm in Cumberland township, 3 miles west of Gettysburg, along the State highway, the following: **Maud,** bay mare rising 7 years old, any woman or child can drive her, does not scare at anything, offside driver; and a nice single and double driver; will make a good mail carrier's horse; come and look her over; **Dandy,** black colt 11 months old day of sale, bred from my own black Percheron mare, will get large and make an all-round horse for some young man; about 20 head of **Guernsey and Holstein Cattle** consisting of 8 milk cows; these cows will all have calves by their side excepting one, a fall cow, due to calf Sept. 15. These cows are all young—and and 3rd calf—except one; 3 heifers with calf, one a close singer, the balance are heifers and bulls. **33 Head of Hogs** consisting of 3 brood sows, 2 will farrow in April, 1 large sow with pigs by her side, 1 Poland boar, large enough for service, 29 shoats ranging in weight from 35 to 85 pounds, these hogs are Poland O. L. C. crossed, Nice bright mixed bay, clover and timothy by the ton, the Yellow Gold seed corn by the bushel, lot of potatoes by the bushel. Anyone buying hogs and potatoes who have no team I will deliver them free of charge within five miles. All stock must be as represented or no sale. No under bidding. Everything will be sold straight. A credit of 12 months will be given. Every animal offered will positively be sold. This is all my own stock. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock rain or shine, when terms will be made known by.

L. E. HERSHEY.  
J. M. Caldwell, Auct.  
R. E. Deardorff, Clerk.  
This is all my own stock.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

G. W. WEAVER &amp; SON

G. W. WEAVER &amp; SON

## DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT STORE

FULLY READY FOR SPRING WITH  
A GREATER STOCK THAN EVER  
BEFORE—MOSTLY AT OLD PRICES

THERE is a Bonifide Reason, for the high prices ruling today in all commodities.

You have heard all about it, but it has not yet touched your purse in the buying of Dry Goods if you came here for them, for the reason that we tried to forestall price advances by heavy orders whenever old prices, or near it, could be had. But we are now at the limit, as to quantity of stock we can carry and getting anything on new orders, except at present day prices, or what the wholesaler calls "At Value". We advise you to take advantage of our present prices on stock contracted for at, or near the old prices.

## \$5000.00 WORTH WOOL DRESS GOODS

In the correct weaves and colors for Spring  
SERGES, GABARDINES, SUITINGS and all the rest

## DRESS AND WAIST SILKS

In Taffetas, Gros de Londres, Messalines, Crepe de Chine, Georgettes, Marquises, Fancy Stripe Crepe de Chines, Chiffons, Pussy Willows and New Fancy Silks in Stripes and Plaids. All colors now, cannot promise to duplicate any color by reordering.

## FANCY WOVEN &amp; PRINTED FLORAL PATTERNS IN PART SILK &amp; FINE COTTONS

Printed and Plain Colored Cotton Voiles, Marquises, Grenadines, Seed Voiles, Faconna, French Gingham, and dozens of New Weaves and Printings in Cotton Wash Fabrics. Wash Fabrics were never so pretty as these early Printings and Voiles.

Anderson's Scotch at 15 & 25 cts., 32 in. wide, absolutely fast colors. Renfrew Tub & Sun Proof Gingham at 12 1-2 cts. and dozens of other tried makes from 7 cts. up. Devonshire Cloths, Juveola Suitings & Peggy Cloths, Woven Jap Crepes, Percales, Madras, &c. Every good thing that is out for this season, now in our stock—AT NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.

## Women's &amp; Misses Spring Dresses

of SILKS, SERGES, POPLINS or combination of two materials.

If you have seen or read of any Special Style Creation for Spring, or even if it is a product of your own imagination, the probability is that, in part at least, you will see it embodied in our New Spring Dresses. Some are of all Taffeta or Messaline, other Georgette Crepe, or in combination with Serge. All of all Serges with Silk or Braid bands, &c., in fact cannot describe any one style as in most cases there is only one of a style.

Price begins at \$5.75 to \$20.00

## Ladies &amp; Misses Tailored Suits

Between \$9.75 & \$27.50 there are dozens of styles in Serges, Poplins, Gabardines, Taffeta Silks, all smart and new and unusually attractive. The "Wooltex" line is represented by its best styles. Colors are Navy, Reseda, Black, Brown, Burgundy, Tan &c., also various Checks. Coats are mostly plain backs with blouse fronts and rippled over hips, or semi fitted back, full skirts. Some of the coats have leather collar and cuffs and belt trimmings, some with a touch of White on collars, others braid and taffeta silk bands &c.

SPECIAL—Cut & Style—for the woman who is somewhat out of proportion in size, but who wants a suit away from the plainness of those usually shown in odd sizes, can be suited with us this season at a medium price.

For the younger and petite Miss are the Norfolk Styles, or ideas in coats, with skirts pleated to conform.

No two Suits alike—Never a prettier or more varied assortment

## Waists and Blouses

Black Lace over White and Flesh Colored Chiffons and Georgettes in a variety of styles—Taffeta and Messaline Waists, 5.50 to \$7.00.

## Stripe Silk-in Tub Silks

Variety of color stripes, \$2.25 to \$3.25—Smartly tailored, variety of styles, both in flare or high neck. New ideas in Sleeves, Collars and Finish.

## Crepe Blouses or Waists

In Crepe de Chines and Georgettes in combination with All-Over Laces, in colors of White, Flesh, Maize, Pale Blue, \$2.25 to \$5.50.

## Wash Waists and Blouses

Fifty styles or more. Embroidered, Lace Trimmed, Voiles, Organadies, Lawns &c., and Plain Tailored Linens and Linenes. New collar and sleeve effects, including Flare Neck, Sailor collars, Point Collars, Vests and Cascade Ruffled fronts, 1.00, 1.19 to \$3.50.

## Muslin Underwear

Made in Clean Sanitary Factories, Rightly Priced

## Petticoats of Cambric

Embroidery Trimmed, Lace Trimmed, Circular, Flounce \$1.00 to \$3.00.

## Combination &amp; Princess Slips, Corset Covers &amp;c.

NIAGARA MAID GLOVE SILK UNDERWEAR.

## Niagara Maid Silk Gloves

At No Advance of Price. Guaranteed Finger Tips

An order placed last August for Spring delivery gives us complete line of 50, 75 and \$1.00 gloves in exactly same grades as we have had before, with the addition of White Points on Black and Black Points on White, and colors such as Tan and Grey, at 50 cts.

In 16 Button Musquetaire lengths, we are showing White, Black and Tan, at \$1.00.

The scarcity of Kid Gloves and the consequent higher prices asked by most stores has made Silk Fabric gloves very greatly in demand and we consider ourselves fortunate in having secured this most excellent Silk Glove at no advance in price.

Lisle and other Fabric Gloves, for heavier wear, 25 and 50 cts. in same qualities before.

## In Kid Gloves

The P. Centemeri & Co. Lines

We are pleased to be able to say that they have taken excellent care of us in the matter of keeping us stocked in sizes and kinds in the same former qualities and, except in one instance we have made no advance in price. A full and complete stock of colors and sizes for Easter now, out owing to the great demand for this period, and scarcity in importer's hands, we suggest early purchase for fear of disappointment at the last moment.

## Umbrellas—Under Value

Last Fall we bought an unusual quantity of Umbrellas under the advance price "squeeze". We know if we tried to buy the same kinds now we would have to pay more for them. Except for three small factories in the United States all Umbrella frames were made in the War Country, and it is represented to us that these "Small Factories" have been for some time operating on Munitions, and up goes the price of handles and frames. All cloths, especially dyed cloths, are much higher. We are offering this lot at exactly the same prices that we asked for the same grades a year ago. Ladies and Mens sizes and handles, and because of the great number of our stock prices are even less for some grades than formerly.

Prices are \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 to \$3.00.

## Women's Neck Wear

The very latest in Organadies and Silks.  
Middy and Other Silk Ties

Embroidered and Lace Trimmed 25 & 50 cts  
Lace and Embroidered Organadie 25 & 50 cts  
Collar and Cuff Sets, Embroidered Organadie - - - 25 & 50 cts  
Net Gumps - - - 25 & 50 cts  
Collars are medium and large sizes—Many of these styles are priced much higher in the city stores.

## Men's Shirts at 50 cts.

Negligee and Dress

There was never a better Shirt made, that we know of, than our celebrated "Red Top" brand to sell at 50 cts. BEST in quality of materials, Madras, white or colored, Chambrays, Percales. BEST in the liberalness of cut. BEST in style. The next lot will have to be skimped in quality or size because of the advance in materials. A 60 DOZEN STOCK NOW. Soft Collars, Laundry Flats, Plain Fronts, and all the others.

G. W. WEAVER &amp; SON



# PUBLIC SALE.

Friday, March 24, 1916.

The undersigned intending to quit farming and housekeeping, will sell at public sale on his farm, close to Bender's Church, on the road leading from Bender's Church to the Pine Grove road, in Butler township, the following personal property: **Pair of good Black Mare Mules** 10 and 7 years old, one a good leader, these are a No. 1 pair of mules, **11 head of Cattle** consisting of 10 milk cows, 2 will have calf by the day of sale, 2 that the calves were just sold off, 1 will be fresh in April, the balance are fall cows; these cows are good heavy milkers; 1 bull fit for service, 2 shoats will weigh 100 lbs apiece. **50 Chickens** by the lb. **Farming Implements**, 1 Milwaukee binder, 6 ft. cut, in good condition and running order, McCormick mower, only used 2 seasons, hay rake, self dump, 10 ft. in good running order, sulkey plow, Hench & Dromgold make, good Empire grain drill, good roller, good Oliver Chilled plow No. 40, Syracuse plow No. 60, Bissel plow, spring harrow, Perry make, wooden frame, grain fan, 2 wagons, 1 a 2 horse thimble skien and the other a home-made 2 horse wagon, good wagon bed, 2 pair hay carriages, 1 18 ft. long the other 16 ft. long, 2 spring wagons, falling top buggy, good surrey, good

shovel plow, good double plow, single corn worker, corn planter, Spangler make, in good order, triple tree 2 double trees, 8 single trees, good grain cradle, 2 pairs breast chains, 12 cow chains, pitch fork, 3 dung forks 1-2 bu. measure, corn and oats bushel, **Harness**, 4 sets front gears, 4 collars, 4 bridles, 4 fly nets, 4 halters, 2 plow lines, 2 pair check lines, set of dung boards. **Household Furniture**, 4 bedsteads, 2 spring beds, sewing machine, Honcymoon, 2 good couches, 2 rocking chairs, 1-2 doz. plank bottom chairs, 1-2 doz. cane-seated chairs, stand, 8 ft. extension table, leaf table, cook stove and fixtures, chunk stove, good wood box, ice cream freezer, step ladder and iron oard combined, butter churn and buck, butter bowl, 2 tubs, wringer, wash boiler, corner cupboard, old-style bureau, lot of carpet by the yard, some is home-made, lot of linoleum, clocks, lamps, pots, pans, lot of jars and crocks, iron kettles, barrels, barrel of good vinegar, lot of apple and peach butter by the crock, 7 milk cans, lot of window blinds and many other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock sharp. A credit of 10 months; 5 per cent. discount off for cash over \$5.00.

A. J. GUISE.  
A. W. Slaybaugh, Auct.  
P. A. T. Bower, Clerk.

**One of Nature's Show Places.**  
Ogden canyon, a deep cleft through the towering Wasatch mountains, overlooking the Great Salt lake, is one of nature's show places, cut in the solid rock by the river which runs through it, the rushing water, from prehistoric times, carrying quantities of sand and gravel which simply filled out the present wonderful canyon. Ogden river was flowing west along its present course before the lofty Wasatch mountains came into existence. The raising of the mountains went on slowly for ages, so slowly that the river kept its place by cutting down its ever rising bed. In no other way can scientists rationally account for a river rising on one side of the range and flowing directly across it.—Argonaut.

## Magnetic Storms.

Contrary to the general belief, magnetic disturbances do not begin at the same moment all over the globe. Instead of that they progress around the earth. In the case of abrupt disturbances, which are usually comparative ly minute in their effect on the compass needle, the complete passage around the earth requires from three to four minutes. For the bigger of feet or for the greater magnetic storms the rate of progression is slower, so that it would take them half an hour or more to pass around the earth completely.

## Festival of Minerva.

The most notable festival at Athens was in honor of Minerva. All classes of citizens on this day marched in procession. The oldest went first, then the young men, the children, the young women, the matrons and the people of the lower orders. The most prominent object in the parade was a ship propelled by hidden machinery and bearing at its masthead the sacred banner of the goddess.

## Curious Lake.

In the center of Kildine, an island in the German ocean, is a curious lake. The surface of its waters is quite fresh and supports fresh water creatures, but deep down it is as salt as the greatest depths of the sea, and salt water fish live in it.

## Highly Important.

It is highly important when a man makes up his mind to be a rascal that he should examine himself closely and see if he ain't better constructed for a phool.—Josh Billings.

## Explained.

"Pa, what's 'innocuous desuetude'?"  
"It's what I fall into, son, when your mother and a caller start to discussing the servant problem."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Poverty is the north wind that lashes men into vikings.—Ouida.

## Experience.

"Experience would be a wonderful asset but for one thing."  
"What's that?"  
"You can never sell it for what it cost you."

# DR. ELIOT ON EDUCATION.

(Continued from page 2.)

and describe correctly, he asserts, is not confined to uneducated persons, but is often found in those whose education has been prolonged and thorough.

Many highly educated American ministers, lawyers and teachers have never received any scientific training, have never used any instrument of precision, possess no manual skill whatever, and cannot draw, sing or play on a musical instrument. Their entire education has dwelt in the region of language, literature, philosophy and history, and with limited excursions into the field of mathematics.

If any one should ask—why has modern society got on as well as it has, if the great majority of its members have had an inadequate training in the use of their senses or no systematic training of that sort, the answer is that some voluntary agencies and some influences which take strong effect on sections of the community have been at work to mitigate the evil. Such are, for example, athletic sports, travel, the use by city people of public parks and gardens, the practice of that alert watchfulness which the risks of crowded thoroughfares and of the dangerous industries compel, and the training of the senses which any man who practices well a manual trade obtains on the way. Many of the household arts also give a good training in the careful seeing and handling which lead to accurate perception. The problem is now how to make systematic secondary education support and better these incidental influences and how to co-ordinate sense-training with accurate reasoning and retentive memorizing.

In urging the training of the senses, the educator must never lose sight of the fact that mental vigor does not necessarily result from bodily work alone, whether hand-work or work in directing machines. Many persons work all their lives with a moderate amount of manual skill, who never develop any considerable faculty of discrimination or of sound judgment. Whole tribes and nations have done fine handwork for generations, and yet never developed intellectual superiority. If one had to choose between training the senses and training the memory and the language powers, one would choose the latter; but both are indispensable to the best results in education. Neither depends for its educational value on imparting information; each supplies an indispensable discipline for the human intelligence.

## Weakness in Secondary Schools.

Before writing this report, Doctor Eliot examined the programs of about a dozen secondary schools in this country, including public, private and endowed institutions, and from these he found that as a rule these secondary schools pay little attention to the training of the senses, and "provide small opportunities for acquiring any skill of eye, ear or hand, or any acquaintance with the accurate recording and cautious reasoning which modern science prescribes." Upon this examination, Doctor Eliot comments:

The changes which ought to be made immediately in the programs of American secondary schools, in order to correct the glaring deficiencies of the present programs, are chiefly: The introduction of more hand, ear and eye work—such as drawing, carpentry, turning, music, sewing and cooking, and the giving of much more time to the sciences of observation—chemistry, physics, biology and geography. These sciences should be taught in the most concrete manner possible—that is, in laboratories with ample experimenting done by the individual pupil with his own eyes and hands, and in the field through the pupil's own observation guided by expert leaders. In secondary schools situated in the country the elements of agriculture should have an important place in the program, and the pupils should all work in the school gardens and experimental plots, both individually and in co-operation with others.

In the city schools a manual training should be given which would prepare a boy for any one of the many different trades, not by familiarizing him with the details of actual work in any trade, but by giving him an all-round bodily vigor, a nervous system capable of multiform co-ordinated efforts, a liking for doing his best in competition with mates, and a widely applicable skill of eye and hand. Again, music should be given a substantial place in the program of every secondary school, in order that all the pupils may learn musical notation and may get much practice in reading music and in singing. Drawing, both freehand and mechanical, should be given ample time in every secondary school program, because it is an admirable mode of expression which supplements language and is often to be preferred to it, lies at the foundation of excellence in many arts and trades, affords simultaneously good training for both eye and hand, and gives much enjoyment throughout life to the possessor of even a moderate amount of skill.

## Music and Drawing Neglected.

By many teachers and educational administrators music and drawing are still regarded as fads or trivial accomplishments not worthy to rank as substantial educational material; whereas, they are important features in the outfit of every human being who means to be efficient, efficient and rationally happy. In consequence, many native Americans have grown up without musical faculty, without power to draw or sketch, and without the high capacity for enjoyment and for giving to others which even a moderate acquaintance with these arts imparts.

It is a disaster which has much diminished the happiness of the native American stock. It is high time that the American school—urban or rural, mechanical, commercial or classical, public, private or endowed—set earnestly to work to repair this great loss and damage. Although considerable improvements have been recently made in the programs of American secondary schools, especially within the past ten years, or since vocational training has been much discussed, multitudes of Americans continue to regard the sense-training subjects as fads and superfluities. They say the public elementary schools should teach thoroughly reading, writing, spelling and arithmetic, and let natural science, drawing, music, domestic arts and crafts and manual training severely alone. Let secondary schools teach thoroughly English, Latin, American history and mathematics, with a dash of economics and civics, and cease to encumber their programs with bits of the new sciences and the new sociology. This doctrine is dangerously conservative, for it would restrict the rising generation to memory studies and give them no real acquaintance with the sciences and arts which within a hundred years have revolutionized all the industries of the white race, modified profoundly all the political and ethical conceptions of the freedom-loving peoples and added wonderfully to the productive capacity of Europe and America.

If any one asks how it can be possible that these new subjects, all time consuming, should be introduced into the existing secondary schools of the United States, the answer—adequate, though not easy to put into practice—is, first, that the memory subjects and the mathematics should be somewhat reduced as regards number of assigned periods in the week; secondly, that afternoon hours should be lengthened, and, thirdly, that the long summer vacation should be reduced. It is worse than absurd to turn city children into the streets for more than two months every summer. Since the new subjects all require bodily as well as mental exertion, they can be added to the memory subjects without and risk to the health of the children, provided that the shops, laboratories and exercising rooms be kept cool and well ventilated. In rural schools a good part of the new work in sowing, planting, cultivating the ground and harvesting must be done out of doors.

If the educational material and the method of instruction were right, the training given in the grades would be just as good for the children who leave school at 14 as for those who go on till 18, and the training in the high school would be equally appropriate for pupils who do not go to college and for those who do. The progressive sense-training from beginning to end of systematic education is desirable for all pupils, whatever their destinations in after life, and should prepare every pupil for his best entrance on earning a livelihood, at whatever age that necessity is to come upon him. It should be the same with the language and history studies in every public school program. At every stage or in every grade they should be suitable for every pupil, no matter what his destination. Flexibility and adaptation to individual needs would still be necessary in the programs: first, in order to enable the individual pupil to concentrate on the studies he prefers and excels in; and, secondly, to enable pupils of different capacity to advance at different rates. The adoption of these principles would solve justly problems in the American tax-supported system of public education which have been in debate for generations.

## Changes in School Programs.

Every school plant, whether in city or country, should be used, not only by the regular pupils between the hours of 8 or 8.30 and 4 or 4.30, but by older youths and adults at hours outside the working time in the prevailing industries of the town or city where the school is situated. Many efforts are now being made to introduce continuation schools and to develop evening schools; but these efforts should become universal and should result speedily in a large extension of the American public school system. Moreover, the fundamental object of the proposed changes in the programs should be distinctly recognized—the better training of the senses.

The suggested changes in American school programs will not make public school life harder or more fatiguing for the pupils. On the contrary, observational study and concrete teaching are more interesting to both children and adults than memory study of any sort; and whenever the interest of pupils is aroused it brings out more concentrated attention and harder work, but causes less fatigue. The obvious utility of mental labor directed to a practical end increases the interest the pupils take in their work and stimulates them to effective effort.

These changes will add to the annual cost of the schools, because much of the new instruction must be given to the individual pupils, treated by himself and not as a member of a numerous class. In short, the example of the modern medical school, which needs to be imitated in all schools, teaches that good training of the senses is more costly than the ancient classroom with books and lectures. The cost of town and city school systems will be also increased by the necessity of employing a larger number of teachers, if the schools are to be kept at work evenings as well as daytime, and during 46 weeks of the year instead of 41. Indeed, the chief item in the increased cost in city schools, consequent on the introduction of sense-training and observational studies, would be in the salary list.

More teachers would be required and a larger proportion of them would be good mechanics, well-trained laboratory assistants and naturalists competent to teach botany, zoology and geology on walks and excursions with the pupils. To provide these teachers in sufficient numbers, the programs of normal schools would need to be considerably modified, so that it would probably be necessary to wait for the production of an adequate number of teachers competent to give the new kinds of instruction. The prime object being to give all pupils a correct conception of the modern scientific method and sound practice in using it, the teachers themselves must understand that method and be bred to its constant use. It is possible to deaden any subject as a means of mental training, and science and the fine

arts just as easily as the classics, history, geography or arithmetic.

Doctor Eliot admits that for this great improvement in the conduct of American secondary schools a good deal of preparedness has already been made. He mentions the new schools of mechanic arts, the trade schools and particularly such institutions as Hampton Institute and the Tuskegee Institute, which are showing how to learn by actual seeing, hearing, touching and doing. He remarks that there has not infrequently been much disappointment as to the effect on the mental powers of the pupils of the new courses in scientific subjects and the new instruction in drawing, carpentry, forging, molding, and so forth, which have already been introduced into American secondary schools.

## Evolution in the College.

The reason for these disappointments, he comments, is the imperfect manner in which the new instruction has been given. It is indispensable to success with the new subjects that the pupils should use their own eyes, ears and hands and themselves describe and co-ordinate their own observations.

It is not the secondary schools alone which need to be reformed—the elementary school needs to set a different standard of attainment, not lower or easier, but, rather, higher and harder—a standard in which the training of the senses shall be an important element. If the new secondary schools are to accomplish their rational objects, they must rest on new elementary schools which utilize the spontaneous aptitudes of childhood—for the acquisition of modern languages, for example. As to the American college, it may be said to have already abandoned the traditional four years' program of linguistic, literary and mathematical studies with a dash of history and philosophy, and many colleges now require for admission the elements of some scientific subject. As a whole, the colleges have already begun to attend to the training of the senses by introducing a considerable variety of electric courses in science; but the changes already introduced do not afford the mass of the students adequate opportunities to remedy the deficiencies in the training they received in their schools. Moreover, to begin that systematic training of the senses at the college age is not the most advantageous arrangement.

If the elementary and secondary schools served well boys and girls from 6 to 18 years of age, the main reform would in time be accomplished. It is but a small percentage of the youth of the country that go to the colleges and the higher technical schools; and the parents of this small percentage are often able to provide their children with opportunities for securing, outside of their systematic education, a well co-ordinated use of all their senses and nerves—such as a violinist, organist, pilot, locomotive engineer, or sharpshooter requires. The educational publicist must keep in mind the interests of the 95 per cent. of the children, rather than those of the 5 per cent.; for it is on the wise treatment of the mass of the population during youth that a modern democracy must rely for assuring the public health, prosperity and happiness.

## WHAT'S THE REASON?

Many Gettysburg People in Poor Health Without Knowing the Cause.

There are scores of people who drag out a miserable existence without realizing the cause of their suffering. Day after day they are racked with backache and headache; suffer from nervousness, dizziness, weakness, languor and depression. Perhaps the kidneys have fallen behind in their work of filtering the blood and that may be the root of the trouble. Look to your kidneys, assist them in their work—give them the help they need. You can use no more highly recommended remedy than Doan's Kidney Pills—endorsed by people all over the country and by your neighbors in Gettysburg.

D. F. Arendt, Fourth St., Gettysburg, says: "We have used Doan's Kidney Pills in our family and don't think there is any other kidney remedy quite as good. I suffered from kidney trouble for years. I had pains across the small of my back and in my sides and had to get up at night on account of kidney weakness. Doan's Kidney Pills did me of all these troubles."

Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Arendt recommends. Foster-McIlhenn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Rev Coulson and Miss Velma Bushey, both of near York Springs, were driving home from Mt. Holly when their horse took fright at a passing automobile and dashed down over a thirty foot incline to the P. & R. railroad tracks below. The final drop to the tracks was a perpendicular one of ten feet. In some miraculous way the vehicle was not overturned and the occupants were not injured. The buggy was badly damaged and the owner of the automobile took it back to Holly and had it repaired so the return trip could be made.

Shake off the grip of your old enemy, Nasal Catarrh, by using Ely's Cream Balm. Then will all the swelling and soreness be driven out of the tender, inflamed membranes. The fit of sneezing will cease and the discharge, as offensive to others as to yourself, will be stopped when the causes that produce it are removed. Cleanliness, comfort and renewed health by the use of Cream Balm. Sold by all druggists for 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Bros., 45 Warren St., New York.

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at night and tosses restlessly, you feel worried. Mother's Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours. Relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Teething Disorders, and destroy worms. Used by Mothers for 28 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

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Get Your Stock in Condition for Summer Work.

The careful ones always feed some good Food and Regulator.

We carry nothing but the guaranteed brands and they also carry with each package our store guarantee, "Absolute Satisfaction" or your money refunded, our brands are The Standard, The Prussian and Pratts, in assorted sizes.

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# A New Model Typewriter!

The **No. 9** **OLIVER**  
The Standard Visible Writer

BUY IT NOW!

Yes, the crowning typewriter triumph is here

It is just out—and comes years before experts expected it. For makers have striven a lifetime to attain this ideal machine. And Oliver has won again, as we scored when we gave the world its first visible writing.

There is truly no other typewriter on earth like this new Oliver "9." Think of touch so light that the tread of a kitten will run the keys!

## CAUTION!

The new-day advances that come alone on this machine are all controlled by Oliver. Even our own previous models—famous in their day—never had the Optional Duplex Shift.

It puts the whole control of 84 letters and characters in the little fingers of the right and left hands. And it lets you write them all with only 28 keys, the least to operate of any standard typewriter made.

THIS WRITERS OF ALL OTHER MACHINES CAN IMMEDIATELY RUN THE OLIVER NUMBER "9" WITH MORE SPEED AND GREATER EASE.

## 50,000 More Local Agents Wanted

Too Far for All or Part Time

Here is a chance of a lifetime for one person in each of the 50,000 cities and towns to help us supply the big demand for the new model Oliver "9."

Write at once for "Opportunity 5000" FREE that shows how you can win both profit and prestige. How you can secure exclusive control and sale in your home community. Learn how we give you a sample Oliver "9" on the same attractive basis as 15,000 others who have already been awarded and are now profitably working Oliver agencies.

No experience is necessary. So do not delay and let someone else get your territory. Write for particulars at once.

## WARNING!

This brilliant new Oliver comes AT THE OLD-TIME PRICE. It costs no more than lesser makes—now out-of-date when compared with this discovery.

For while the Oliver's splendid new features are costly—we have equalized the added expense to us by simplifying construction.

Resolve right now to see this great achievement before you spend a dollar for any typewriter. If you are using some other makes you will want to see how much more this one does.

If you are using an Oliver, it naturally follows that you want the finest model.

**17 Cents a Day!** Remember this brand-new Oliver "9" is the greatest value ever given in a typewriter. It has all our previous special inventions—visible writing, automatic spacer, 5 1-2-ounce touch—PLUS THE OPTIONAL DUPLEX SHIFT, SELECTIVE COLOR ATTACHMENT and all these other new-day features.

YET WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL IT TO EVERYONE EVERYWHERE ON OUR FAMOUS PAYMENT PLAN—17 CENTS A DAY! Now every user can easily afford to have the world's crack visible writer, with the famous PRINTYPE, that writes like print, INCLUDED FREE IF DESIRED.

TODAY—Write For Full Details and be among the first to know about this marvel of writing machines. See why a postal of once. No obligation. It's a pleasure for us to tell you about it.

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER CO., Cor. Walnut & 10th Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

You can rent an Oliver Typewriter 3 months for \$4.00.



## DR. ELIOT ON EDUCATION

AMERICA'S GREATEST EXPERT  
ON CHANGES NEEDED.

Involving More Training Through  
the Senses and Less Literary  
Education.

Changes, which in many respects may be said to be radical, are declared to be essential in American secondary education, by Dr. Charles Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University, in a report which he has written for the General Education Board.

He finds that, despite the admirable programs which he found in many secondary schools, public and private, in the United States, too little effort is being made toward training the senses. He finds that there is too much of what might be called a literary education instead of a manual education, by which hand and mind and eye are trained. Consequently, he advocates changes in the systems and in the principles underlying them in these schools.

"The best part of human knowledge," he says, "has come by exact and studied observation made through the senses of sight, hearing, taste, smell and touch. The most important part of education has always been the training of the senses through which the best part of knowledge comes. This training has two precious results in the individual besides the faculty of observation—one the acquisition of some sort of skill, the other the habit of careful reflection and measured reasoning which results in precise statement and record."

## Learn from the Baby.

He asserts that the baby spends all its waking hours learning to use its senses, and to reason correctly from the evidence of its senses. And he declares that

"The baby's assiduity in observation and experimentation, and the rapidity of its progress in sense-training are probably never matched in after life. Its mind is also trained fast; because it is constantly practicing the mental interpretation of the phenomena which its senses present to it."

"The boy on a farm has admirable opportunities to train eye, ear and hand; because he can always be looking at the sky and the soils, the woods, the crops and the forests, having familiar intercourse with many domestic animals, using various tools, listening to the innumerable sweet sounds which wind, water, birds and insects make on the countryside, and in his holidays hunting, fishing and roaming."

"Increasing skill in the use of the hands and fingers has undoubtedly had much to do with the development of the human mind ever since man first stood erect and set free from foot work his fingers and their opposing thumb. One of the best methods of developing the minds of children is practice in the co-ordinate activities of the brain and the hand. If brain, eye and hand are co-operating the developing mental effect is increased; and the mental action and reaction is stronger still when eyes, ears and hands and the whole nervous system, the memory and the discriminating judgment are at work together."

"The fundamental trades—such as those of the carpenter, mason, blacksmith, wheelwright, painter, hand leather worker and shoemaker—have provided immensely valuable education for the human race, and have, indeed, been the chief means of raising barbarous peoples to a condition of approximate civilization. Today the teaching of those trades, without much use of machinery, is the best mode of developing the natural powers of a backward people—like the North American Indians and the negroes."

"But even these civilizations," he continues, "have generally developed also to a high degree some fine art, like architecture. Moreover, none of these civilizations were so firmly founded as our own; for they had not attained to the scientific conception of truth, or to the inductive method arriving at the truth. It should be the great advantage of modern education that it has learned to combine the training of the powers of observation with an accurate use of language and the best kind of memory work."

"In respect to the training of their senses the children of well-to-do parents nowadays are often worse off than the children of the poor; because they are not called upon to perform services in the household or on the farm which give practice in accurate observation and manual dexterity."

## Influences of Machinery.

The Hindu, in addition to transmitting his caste to his son, also passes along to him his hand trade. The European girl educated the people through trades for centuries before common schools were founded, and he finds that there have been civilizations which had but slight foundations apart from military force, except a strong element of domestic and industrial or technological skill.

The advent of mechanical power and machinery has greatly impaired the educational value of many trades, and this impairment has become so common that it may almost be called universal. The accurate joints a carpenter used to make by careful use of his own eyes and hands are now made by machines almost without human intervention. The horse-shoes which a blacksmith used to turn out by hand on his anvil and temper in his own little fire with an accurate appreciation of the changing tints of the hot metal, are now turned out by machinery by the hundred thousand, almost without touch by human hand or glance of human eye.

Doctor Eliot finds that this machine-made product tends to make a machine of the man who works it. The invariability of the machine makes little use of any education the

person tending it may have. "Any ambitious or prudent young man," he comments, "will try to escape as soon as possible from that sort of work. There is no training of the senses, no progress and no joy in work." He continues:

The difference between a good workman and a poor one in farming, mining or manufacturing is the difference between the man who possesses well-trained senses and good judgment in using them, and the man who does not. The valuable farm hand is the man that can drive a straight furrow with a plow and a pair of mules, or can follow accurately in parallel curves the contours of the land while plowing. The good hand-fisherman is the man who can feel correctly what is going on at the fish-hook out of sight, and can make his motor nerves react quickly to what he feels there.

It follows from these considerations that the training of the senses should always have been a prime object in human education at every stage from primary to professional. That prime object it has never been, and is not today. The kind of education the modern world has inherited from ancient times based chiefly on literature. Its principal materials besides some elementary mathematics, were sacred and profane writings, both prose and poetry, including descriptive narration, history, philosophy and religion; but accompanying this tradition of language and literature was another highly useful transmission from ancient times—the study of the fine arts, with the many kinds of skill that are indispensable to artistic creation.

## Disdain for the Fine Arts.

He asserts that American secondary and higher education copied English models, but were injuriously affected by the Puritan, Geneva, Scotch-Presbyterian and Quaker disdain for the fine arts.

As a result the program of secondary schools in the United States allotted only an insignificant portion of school time to the cultivation of the perceptive power through music and drawing, and until lately boys and girls in secondary schools did not have their attention directed to the fine arts by any outside or voluntary organization. As a rule, the young men admitted to American colleges can neither draw nor sing, and they possess no other skill of eye, ear or hand. A high degree of skill in athletic sports is acquired only by exceptional persons, and the skill itself is of a coarser kind than that needed by the artist and the skilled workman.

Since the middle of the eighteenth century a new element in the education of the white race has been developing slowly for a hundred years, but rapidly during the last fifty. This new element is physical, chemical and biological science. Through the study of these subjects the medical profession has been revolutionized and several new professions of high value have been created—such as that of the chemist, of the engineer—civil, mechanical, electrical or metallurgical—and of the forester.

Through the work of these new professions he points out there has been a revolution in the large industries and in the transportation methods of the world, and this prodigious change should have instructed the makers of programs for schools and colleges maintained by the nations undergoing this transformation. "But for the most part," he insists, "professional educators have been, and are, blind to the necessity of a corresponding reformation or revision of the processes of education." He does find, however, that one profession—the medical—has, indeed profited by the rapid revolution, and has adequately changed its educational processes.

## Labor Revolutionized.

The training the medical student now receives is largely individual training in the use of his senses; and this training is given by experts in the use of their own eyes, ears, and hands in diagnosis and treatment. The just reasoning follows on the trustworthy observation. What has already been done in medical education needs to be done in all other forms of education, whether for trades or for professions, whether for occupations chiefly manual or for those chiefly mental.

The great increase of urban population at the expense of rural which has taken place during the past sixty years, with the accompanying growth of factories and the crowding together of the working people and their families, has resulted, so far as schools and colleges are concerned, in placing more children and youths than formerly under the influence of systematic education and keeping them there for a longer period; but this improvement has been accompanied by a decline in the amount and quality of the sense-training which children and adolescents have received.

An increasing proportion of children goes to the high schools, academies and colleges; but the farm now teaches but a small proportion of the children born to the nation, and the urban family cannot train the children's senses in so effective and wholesome ways as the rural family could.

In cities and large towns the trade which a boy chooses, or is assigned to, no longer demands for admission a prolonged apprenticeship. Machinery turns out a crude product without the need of much skilled labor. The general result is an inadequate training of the senses of the rising generation for accurate and quick observation. Unfortunately, the schools, which might have come to the rescue of the children, have for the most part clung to the traditional programs which rely chiefly on studies that train the memory and the powers of discrimination and analysis, but do not drill the children in seeing and hearing correctly, in touching deftly and rapidly, and in drawing the right inferences from the testimony of their senses.

In order to prove this contention, he mentions that the average witness in the court is "a striking revelation of untrustworthiness," on account of his lack of accurate observation and the right use of his senses. This inability to see, hear

(Continued on page 3).

Sewing can  
be either —  
Work or Play

It all depends on the light. Sewing by the glimmer of the ordinary flickering, smoking, smelly lamp is work, difficult work. Hard on the eyes, oftentimes the real cause of throbbing, nervous headaches.

But it's a real pleasure to pick out the finest stitches by the radiant, soft, white light of a Rayo Lamp burning

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A Rayo Lamp makes a heap of difference—the difference between work and play. And it's beautiful—actually improves the appearance of a room. Your dealer can show you special designs, specially made for your very parlor, sitting room or kitchen, and inexpensive, too—from \$1.50 up. Cleans easily and lasts for all time.

Gives the best light when filled with Atlantic Rayolight Oil—the kerosene that burns without smoke or smell, that does not char wicks, but that does yield a marvelous white, soft light and unusually intense and economical heat.

And thousands and thousands of knowing housewives say money can't buy anything as good as Atlantic Rayolight Oil for whitening clothes (one-half cup to the boiler), and for cleaning stoves, hair brushes and combs, for dusting, brightening faded carpets, polishing furniture, etc.

Buy it by name—Atlantic Rayolight Oil—from any dealer who displays this sign:



Costs no more than the unknown, unreliable kind.

ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY  
Philadelphia Pittsburgh

## PUBLIC SALE.

Wednesday, March 15, 1916.

The undersigned intending to quit farming, will sell at his farm in Grab township, 1 mile from Gettysburg, on the Hunterstown road, the following personal property: 4 Head of Horses consisting of 1 bay horse, 16 years old, a good worker and driver and an exceptionally fast walker, 1 sorrel mare 11 years old, with foal to the Hartzel horse, 1 pair of black mules, both leaders, 14 Head of Cattle, Guernsey, Holstein and Durham, 2 cows will be fresh in June, 1 in July, 1 in August, 3 in October, and 4 in November. These cows are nearly all young cows, good stock and good milkers. 1 Holstein bull 11 years old and 1 Holstein bull calf 11 weeks old. 7 Head of Hogs, 2 Chester White brood sows, will farrow in March, both bred to Poland-China boar, 5 shoats will weight from 50 to 100 lbs. 220 White Leghorn Chickens, good layers, will be sold by the piece; 1 pair Indian Runner ducks Farming Implements, consisting of a Champion wagon 3 1-2 in. tread, low down iron wheel wagon 4 in. tread, carry 2 tons. Galloway wagon box, manure spreader, fits a farm wagon, 42 in. between standards, spring wagon, buggy, surrey, Portland cutter, Deering binder, 6 ft. cut, good as new, Deering 6 ft. mower, Deering 11 ft. hay rake, 19 ft. hay carriages, Oliver corn cultivator, Hensch cultivator, Hensch & Dromgold York drill roller, Spangler corn planter, Deering disc harrow with wheel, two spring tooth harrows, 99 Oliver Chilled plow, wind mill, Tornado fodder cutter, Victor chopping mill, Eagle cider press, Sure Hatch Incubator, 200 egg capacity, good condition, International brooder, One Colony Brooder House, Jersey Sharpless cream separator, good condition, 7 gal. churn, dairy thermometer, butter bucket, milk buckets, milk cans, 7 ft. extension table, large No. 8 range with copper water tank, Davis sewing machine, double heater coal stove, 3-4 bid. copper kettle, iron kettle, several cups of bees, ten plate stove, ice cream freezer, "White" washing machine, 5 gal. oil can with pump, lamps, carpet, beds, egg crates, 2 sets of harness, 3 sets cruppers, collars, bridles, halters, lines, forks, leg chain, lot of wheels, corn by the bushel. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, 10 cent credit 2 per cent. off for cash.

H. S. MONTFORT, Trustee, Auct. Dream, Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.  
Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Ross White, late of Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

JOHN REED SCOTT, Executor, Gettysburg, Pa.

EGGS FOR HATCHING  
RHODE ISLAND REDS  
If you want eggs at reasonable prices, that will produce REALLY RED CHICKENS, call or write

W. G. Horner,

Catalpa Poultry Farm, Gettysburg, R. R.

## SPECIAL NOTICE TO FARMERS

About Reduction  
On "Ball Band" Goods

Owing to the fact that the Mild Winter has left on our hands a larger stock of "BALL BAND" Goods than usual and also because we will introduce Next Year (in addition to "Ball Band") the famous "RED LINE GOODRICH" heavy rubber footwear. We have on sale now a number of Pairs of Ball Band Goods at a saving of 20 per cent.

ALL THE ABOVE we guarantee FRESH STOCK, and in addition to them we have about 25 pairs of "Ball Band" goods that have a little age on them. These we will sell at prices less than The Goods Referred to Above.

First Come First Served. Cash Only, Don't Delay, The size you want may be bought by the customer just ahead of you.

THESE GOODS WILL NOT BE CHARGED

## ECKERT'S STORE

"On the Square"

## FRUIT TREES

If you are wanting FRUIT TREES write or phone for prices to—

THE ADAMS COUNTY NURSERY

H. G. BAUGHER, Proprietor.

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Bendersville Station. Pennsylvania.

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"The Home of Good Pictures and Good Humor"

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John D. Keith  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.  
Office First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

S. S. Neely  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.  
Office in Star and Sentinel Building, 2nd Floor, Balto. St., over Cash Store.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.  
Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square. All legal business entrusted to him will receive prompt and careful attention.

Wm. McSherry, Jr.  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.  
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Balto. St., opposite Court House.

Wm. McClean, Wm. Arch. McClean  
Late Pres. Judge.

Wm. & Wm. Arch. McClean  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.  
Law offices in Compiler Building, Balto. Street, a few doors above Court House on opposite side of street.

J. L. Williams  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.  
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

Wm. Hersh  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.  
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court House.

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Unequalled for severe service on rough and rugged roads, hard pavements and other places where tire troubles cannot be tolerated. Ride as easy as an ordinary pneumatic—air space and pressure being the same.

Used in U. S. Government and European War Service. Our output is limited, but we make the following low special Introductory Prices:

	Tires Tubes		Tires Tubes	
30x3	\$8.60	\$2.30	36x4	\$17.45 \$4.65
30x3 1/2	10.85	3.10	35x4 1/2	21.20 5.60
32x3 1/2	12.75	3.20	36x4 1/2	22.50 5.75
33x4	15.75	4.20	37x4 1/2	23.60 6.20
34x4	16.70	4.35	37x5	25.30 6.60

Two or more 10 per cent. discount—non-skids 10 per cent. additional. All sizes—any type. Remit by draft, money order or certified personal check; acceptance of order optional with consignee.

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From a Minister in New York: "I was severely ill with lung trouble. My physician told me to take 'The Remedy' which I used with splendid results."

From a lady in Michigan: "I used 'The Remedy' first 21 or 24 years ago and I have used it ever since. It has cured me of many ailments. There would be no use of so many people dying with consumption if they could be persuaded to try 'Wilson's Remedy'."

If you are suffering from ANY form of lung trouble or if you wish to know more about 'The Remedy' for the Lung, write to J. C. Wilson's Remedy, Westwood, N. J.

## EDGAR C. TAWNEY

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Fresh and of the Very Best.

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## NOTICE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Insurance Department. In the matter of the Liquidation of the York County Mutual Live Stock Insurance Co. (Dauphin County C. P. No. 4; Comm. Docket, 1916).

Individuals, corporations and so forth having claims against or owing moneys to the above named corporation, which was dissolved in accordance with Act of Assembly of June 1, 1911 (Pamphlet Laws 599), are hereby notified to file claims with and make returns to Thomas B. Donaldson, 331 Walnut Street, Phila., Pa., Special Deputy Ins. Com'r, agent for the undersigned in the liquidation.

All outstanding policies were cancelled by operation of law as of Thursday, February 10, 1916.

CHARLES JOHNSON,

Insurance Commissioner.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 10, 1916.







# Gettysburg Compiler

Gettysburg, Pa.

Wm. Arch. McClean, Editor

SATURDAY, MAR. 11, 1916.

The Compiler invites teachers, school directors and every one interested in education to carefully read and study the article on "Education" by Dr. Eliot on second and third pages of this issue.

## Commend Papers Refusing Liquor A

On Tuesday evening, March 7th, at a union revival meeting in Fairfield, with 300 persons present the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors has become one of the greatest enemies of the home, the State, and the Church, wrecking homes, destroying lives and characters and showing its victims to penitentiaries, jails, insane asylums, and homes for the destitute.

Whereas, The Penna. Brewers' Association, in an effort to offset the wave of total abstinence and prohibition which is sweeping America like a mighty fire, has by a tempting offer of money, acquired the columns of some of our daily and weekly newspapers for the advertising of their "Facts versus Fallacies"; and Whereas, These "Facts versus Fallacies" are not facts at all but fallacies to deceive the people and win their support in the protection of the licensed saloon; be it

Resolved, That we most sincerely protest against the printing in our country papers, the "Gettysburg Times" and the "New Oxford Item," of "Facts versus Fallacies" of the Penna. Brewers' Association in their efforts to protect and prevent the abolition of the licensed saloon.

Resolved, That we most heartily commend the "Star and Sentinel," the "Compiler" and the "Littlestown Independent" who have refused the tempting offer because of principle or a respect for the convictions of their patrons:

And that we hereby pledge undivided efforts in every way to drive from our land the traffic that would sell our boys and girls, our men and women for the sake of the dollar, into a slavery of drunkenness, debauchery, crime and eternal ruin.

REV. W. F. GODWIN,  
REV. W. K. FLECK.

Pastors.

# Bad Blood

is a poisonous and dangerous thing. It affects every organ and function and brings about that low condition that predisposes to most diseases and ailments. HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA corrects it, and makes pure blood.

## PUBLIC SALE.

Wednesday, March 29, 1916.

The undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of William Ross White, deceased, late of Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., will offer for sale at the late residence of the decedent, commonly known as the White House in said township, on the 29th day of March, 1916, the following personal property: Eight head of Horses: gray mare 8 years old, in foal; one gray mare 8 years old. These mares weigh 1300 lbs. and will work wherever hitched. Sorrel horse, 4 years old, a good wagon leader, broken for women to drive, weighs 1250 lbs.; steel gray horse 3 years old, broken to work any place, weighs 1300 lbs., an extra good one; a 2 year old black mare colt, a 2 year old steel gray horse colt; 2 yearling horse colts; these colts are bred from a registered Percheron horse. 18 head of fat Steers, weighing 1200 lbs. each; 4 steers, weighing about 700 lbs. each; 3 heifers, weighing about 700 lbs. each; 8 ft. Deering binder, used one season; Empire grain drill, ten hoc; 3 Syracuse plows; new Syracuse harrow; 1 narrow and roller combined; 1 New Idea manure spreader; Keystone hay loader; Ohio gasoline engine, 1 1/2 horse power; Kratz corn plow; 1 walking corn plow; 1 single corn plow; 1 Walter A. Wood mower; hay rake; corn sheller; low-down line spreader, good as new; forks, rakes and shovels, breast and log chains, single, double and triple trees, all kinds of farm gears, and other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock Noon, when terms will be made known by

JOHN REED SCOTT,

Executor.

—ALSO—

At the same time and place will be sold: 1 bay Mare, 1 bay horse; 1 4 or 6 horse wagon; 1 1 horse, 2 in. tread wagon; 1 2 horse wagon; 1 spring wagon; 2 sets bay carriages; 1 dump cart; 1 road scoop; 2 barrows; 1 roller; 1 spike harrow; 1 disc harrow; 1 McCormick mowder; windmill and cutting bar; 1 sleigh; two sets breechbands; set of double harness.

JOHN REED SCOTT,

Ag't. for the Heirs.

## TO OWNERS OF DOGS

Owners of unlicensed dogs in Adams county are hereby notified that if dog tax is not paid within 30 days from date of this notice at the Commissioners' Office, constables will be notified to kill said dogs. If tax is sent in by mail tags and receipts will be sent by return mail.

By order of the Commissioners,  
G. ALLEN YOHE, Clerk.

WANTED.—A white woman between the ages of 30 and 50 years, unnumbered, of good moral character and respectability to act as housekeeper. A good home to the right party. Apply by letter or in person to Thomas F. Turner, 328 Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

# Puff your way into the joys of Prince Albert!

Go ahead, quick as you lay in a stock of the national joy smoke! Fire up a pipe as though you never did know what tobacco bite and parch meant!

For Prince Albert is freed from bite and parch by a patented process controlled exclusively by us. You can smoke it *without* a comeback of any kind because P. A. is *real tobacco delight*.

# PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

will do for you what it has done for thousands of men, not only in the States but all over the world! It will give you a correct idea of what a pipe smoke should be.

Get this Prince Albert pipe-peace message, you men who have

"retired" from pipe pleasure; you men who have never known its solace! Because

you have a lot of smoke pleasure due you quick as you pack-your-pipe with P. A. and make fire!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.



Copyright 1915 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

On the reverse side of this tidy red tin you will read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907," which has made three men smoke pipes where one smoked before!

## Parent-Teachers' Program.

The regular monthly meeting of the Parent-Teachers' Association will be held on Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock in the High School Building. The program committee, Mrs. E. E. Slaybaugh, Miss Bernadette Thomas and C. A. Heiges, have arranged the following program: an address by Rev. Dr. A. E. Wagner, recitations by Misses Edith Hollinger and Justine Hartley, solo by Miss Reba Miller, violin solo by Mr. Sammel, musical numbers by the High School Orchestra and the College Glee Club. In addition to this there will be short talks by several of the directors of the local schools.

## Alms House Account

### TREASURER'S ACCOUNT

WM. F. WEAVER, Treasurer, in account with the Directors of the Poor, commencing February 1, 1915, and ending February 1, 1916.

Bal. at last settlement	\$ 643.24
County Commissioners' orders	1370.00
Cash from State	2461.98
Mary E. Feltner, boarding for Jacob	91.00
Bowling	104.00
C. J. Weidner, boarding for Wm. C. Slaybaugh	104.00
Daniel Mielckley, boarding for Wm. C. Slaybaugh	104.00
John P. Butt, boarding for Sophia Bennett	104.00
Franklin Kime, boarding for Emma Kime	45.70
L. Kaufman, boarding for Edward Pitzer	104.00
Emanuel Shetter	91.00
Calvin Smith, boarding for Susan King	121.04
Rec'd from James Adams Estate for boarding James Adams	256.87
Philip Wagaman, boarding for Catherine Wagaman	50.00
Clarence McCullough, boarding for Mary McCullough	52.00
Citizens' Trust Co., boarding for Daniel Osborn	47.50
Rec'd of Riley S. Harnish, J. P.	7.37
Rec'd from H. A. Shelly, steward from farm	1093.43
Total	\$1235.18

February	\$ 1006.42
March	1214.45
April	2206.08
May	864.05
June	1220.35
July	2708.60
August	1006.22
September	1189.55
October	1428.34
November	1802.91
December	1977.82
January	1437.82

Bal. in hands of Treasurer	\$ 735.61
Total	\$12125.18

### PAYMENTS CLASSIFIED.

Mrs. Horace Holtzel	\$ 312.00
Robert Harman	41.25
David H. Orner	100.23
Henry Jacobs	25.21
Mrs. H. V. Repper	150.00
Mrs. Jefferson Cassatt	19.50
Mrs. Catherine Dubbs	22.50
Mrs. Emory Zipp	12.50
Curse Remmel	3.75
J. D. Plank	5.05

### BARBER WORK.

John A. Neale	\$ 25.00
Wm. H. Brunsman	18.75
J. Frank Shelly	6.25

### TELEPHONE RENT AND TOLLS.

Pol. Tel. Co.	\$ 27.50
Comm. Tel. Tel. Co.	22.31

### BREAD AND ROLLS.

Tr. Training School	\$ 49.97
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### CLOTHING.

Tr. Training School	\$ 75.00
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### PENNSYLVANIA AID SOCIETY.

For Mary McGough	\$ 31.25
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### EASTERN PA. STATE INSTITUTION.

Boarding for Shelly	\$ 15.00
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### SALARIES OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

Mrs. A. Shelly and wife	\$ 500.00
John A. Neale and wife	515.00
Chas. B. Stranbaugh and wife	225.67
Harry W. King and wife	113.67

Guy Plank and wife	102.67
Edward Guise and wife, first teamster and matrion Ladies' Bldg	248.75
Ben. Stoops, second teamster	120.00
Jas. McGuigan, janitor	144.00
Wm. H. Bingham and wife, Men's Dept.	262.50
Maria Schwartz, seamstress	120.00
Irma Stover, chief cook	80.00
Kaude Hardaub, chief cook	198.00
Ada Stover, maid	8.50
Ollie Eckert, maid	182.00
Laura Eckert, maid	105.00
Frank Shelly and wife	87.50
Wm. E. Weaver, Treas.	75.00
Dr. H. M. Hartman, physician	200.00
C. E. Stable, Atty.	200.00
H. F. Stambaugh, clerk	100.00

### GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, NOTIONS.

P. A. Miller	\$ 21.19
Gettysburg Dept. Store	88.29
J. M. Miller	2.50
J. H. Myers	58.12
People's Cash Store	72.69
Geo. S. Diller	182.03
S. E. Trimmer	7.40
C. E. Trimmer	10.75
Leo H. Miller	62.83
C. A. Yoost	84.63
C. C. Spangler	80.84
J. F. Rickrode	105.89
C. W. Johnson	85.70
Henry Myers	28.80
Wm. J. Eden	77.98

### FEED, SEEDS AND GRINDING.

L. C. Plank	\$ 25.02
J. W. McIlhenny	11.75
C. M. Wolf	241.12
Gettysburg Dept. Store	.35

### DISINFECTANTS.

Chamberlin Co.	\$ 5.50
Corkins Chem. Co.	87.50

### DRY GOODS.

J. M. Rider	\$ 70.25
I. N. Miller	23.50
J. W. Black	18.06
Dougherty & Hartley	155.95
C. A. Yoost	27.84
G. W. Weaver & Son	38.49
C. A. Yoost	19.75
Gorrest & Kibler	17.50
J. Carra Smith	14.40
Henry Myers	28.78
C. F. Gettler	26.36

### SOAP, LYE AND BLUING.

Cudaly Packing Co.	\$ 51.25
J. M. Rider	19.95
J. H. Myers	7.80
Leo H. Miller	16.00
C. A. Yoost	14.65
C. C. Spangler	3.75
C. W. Johnson	12.70
Henry Myers	11.10
Wm. J. Eden	8.75

### HARDWARE AND PAINT.

Adams Co. Hdw. Co.	\$ 143.62
Gettysburg Dept. Store	128.90

### BEEF, PORK AND LARD.

O. B. Sharrett	\$ 62.40
L. Little	26.29
Emory Fox	32.11
Harry L. Baker	63.36
C. A. Jacob	122.21
H. J. March	22.60
C. W. Miller	57.00
G. E. Snyder	28.82
John C. Pepple	21.23
H. H. Feltner	14.95
Howard Schriver	42.32
Geo. W. Reichle	42.32
E. H. Forrest	11.11
Wm. Michins	23.50
Clarence Harvey	22.05
Wm. G. Harner	41.20
Allen Eckert	14.20
Cecil Guise	54.50
J. W. Michins	61.10
Chas. Schwartz	18.70

### FRUIT, VEGETABLES AND MELONS.

J. N. Sharrett	\$ 45.65
J. M. Rider	6.70
P. M. Miller	23.71
Geo. W. Buell	1.44
Leo H. Miller	4.00
C. A. Yoost	2.40

### J. C. Lower Co. SYRUP.

J. M. Rider	\$ 38.02
J. H. Myers	23.85
People's Cash Store	8.24
Geo. S. Diller	47.54
Leo H. Miller	25.44
C. A. Yoost	19.50
C. C. Spangler	21.38
C. F. Rickrode	27.80
C. W. Johnson	23.80
Henry Myers	14.74
Wm. J. Eden	22.05

### TORACCO.

J. M. Rider	\$ 38.02
J. H. Myers	23.85
People's Cash Store	8.24
Geo. S. Diller	47.54
Leo H. Miller	25.44
C. A. Yoost	19.50
C. C. Spangler	21.38
C. F. Rickrode	27.80
C. W. Johnson	23.80
Henry Myers	14.74
Wm. J. Eden	22.05

### COFFEE.

P. A. Miller	\$ 14.00
J. M. Rider	58.00
J. H. Myers	30.00
Leo H. Miller	36.00
C. A. Yoost	21.50
C. C. Spangler	21.50
J. F. Rickrode	24.91
C. W. Johnson	29.25
People's Cash Store	10.00

Henry Myers	21.48
Wm. J. Eden	29.25
Geo. S. Diller	35.38

### LIGHT AND LIGHT SUPPLIES.

Gettysburg Light Co.	\$ 276.37
C. A. Blocher	52.50
Timmins & Harbaugh	1.91

### COAL AND WOOD.

Kelly & Oyer	\$ 10.61
Wm. Oyer & Bro.	61.85
L. E. Hershey	22.00
Scott Bros.	301.94

### LINE, SAND AND CEMENT.

W. Oyer & Bro.	\$ 28.75
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### CLOTHING AND SHOES.

O. H. Lester	\$ 200.10
Lewis Kirsan	49.77
Ira Toddes	16.18

### SHOE REPAIRING.

John E. Stock	\$ 30.00
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### OUT DOOR RELIEF.

C. E. Stable, Treas.	\$ 1745.00
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### FIRE INSURANCE.

Liberty & Independent	\$ 14.00
Martins Water	255.83
Dougherty & Hartley	111.15
S. Miley Miller	8.70
I. S. Miller	72.60

### SPECIAL ORDERS FOR RELIEF.

Mrs. Harry Juskovits	\$ 5.00
John Rubenstein	3.00
Mrs. Mary Green	10.00

### ATTENDING ORDERS OF RELIEF.

H. F. Stambaugh	\$ 7.00
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### PRINTING AND POSTAGE.

Wm. F. Weaver	\$ 20.00
Gettysburg Compiler	30.00
Times News Pub. Co.	14.49
Star and Sentinel	2.24

### OIL.

Atlantic Refining Co.	\$ 23.88
Geo. W. Buell	20.25
P. A. Miller	13.50
Gettysburg Dept. Store	4.50
C. E. Cassatt	4.20

### PROVISIONS FURNISHED TO PERSONS UNDER QUARANTINE.

Geo. Huli & Son to Levi Reed	\$ 4.65
Wm. Menges to Joseph Dayhoff	1.25
Herbert Bankert to Joseph Dayhoff	1.59
H. E. Bower to Joseph Dayhoff	8.18
John Rahn to Levi Reed	2.61
Geo. Rahn to Levi Reed	8.64
George Shelly to Levi Reed	3.40
W. J. Stary to John Everhart	4.51
O. I. M. Houck to John Little	6.76
Conrad Eros to John Little	5.65
John Rahn to John Little	6.25
G. W. Timmins to John Little	4.00
Frank Becker to John Little	27.60
A. M. Becker to Jos. Walker	31.25
J. N. Bell to Alice Starnes	10.10
P. A. Miller to Mrs. Baker	7.23
P. A. Miller to Mrs. Kriker	5.21
Geo. D. Rahn to Gregory Hagerman	25.19
Harvey Cramer Co. to Gregory Hagerman	2.49
Mrs. Kriker	5.00

### RUBBER SHEETS.

Schantz Mfg. Co.	\$ 189.38
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### POTATOES.

Daniel H. Taylor .....	79.47
Joseph Taylor .....	56.37
E. C. Pitzer .....	52.50
	<hr/> \$ 213.6
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES RENDERED TO PERSONS UNDER QUARANTINE	







